

# THE MYSTERY OF ANTARCTICA

Harry Richards

Grade / Moeilijkheidsgraad / Degré de difficulté /

Schwierigkeitsgrad / Difficoltà 5

Duration / Tijdsduur / Durée / Dauer / Durata 10:00

Recording on / Opname op / Enregistrement sur /

Aufnahme auf / Registrazione su

THE MYSTERY OF ANTARCTICA

FS-Prod 1120403

## INSTRUMENTATION

### Concert Band

Full score	1
Piccolo	1
Flute 1	3
Flute 2	2
Oboe 1	1
Oboe 2	1
Bassoon 1	1
Bassoon 2	1
English Horn	1
Eb Clarinet	1
Bb Clarinet 1	5
Bb Clarinet 2	5
Bb Clarinet 3	5
Eb Alto Clarinet	1
Bb Bass Clarinet	1
Eb Alto Saxophone 1	1
Eb Alto Saxophone 2	1
Bb Tenor Saxophone 1	1
Bb Tenor Saxophone 2	1
Eb Baritone Saxophone	1
Bb Trumpet 1	2
Bb Trumpet 2	2
Bb Trumpet 3	2
Bb Trumpet 4	2
F Horn 1	1
F Horn 2	1
F Horn 3	1
F Horn 4	1
C Trombone 1	2
C Trombone 2	2
C Trombone 3	2
C Bass Trombone	1
C Baritone	2
Bb Baritone treble clef	3
C Basses	4
String Bass	1
Percussion 1	2
Percussion 2	2
Timpani	1
Mallets	1

### SUPPLEMENTARY PARTS

Eb Horn 1	1
Eb Horn 2	1
Eb Horn 3	1
Eb Horn 4	1
Bb Trombone 1 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 2 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 3 bass clef	1
Bb Bass Trombone 3 bc	1
Bb Trombone 1 treble clef	1
Bb Trombone 2 treble clef	1
Bb Trombone 3 treble clef	1
Bb Bass Trombone tc	1
Bb Baritone bass clef	2
Eb Bass treble clef	2
Eb Bass bass clef	2
Bb Bass treble clef	2
Bb Bass bass clef	2

## THE MYSTERY OF ANTARCTICA

English:

Antarctica is the fifth largest continent on Earth, with more surface area than both Europe and Australia. It is also the coldest place; it was here that lowest temperature ever recorded on Earth was measured: -90°C (-130°F). 90% of all ice on our planet is located on Antarctica, where the average thickness is over 2200 meters!

Antarctica was discovered in 1820, but it wasn't until 1897 that the first expedition reached the continent. Today parts of Antarctica are claimed by several countries. In 2012 there were over 60 permanent research stations at the South Pole, the majority of them run by Argentina and Russia. Most of these research stations are located on the outskirts of the continent surrounded by ocean. Only a few plants grow here, though the continent is rich in wildlife, including penguins, whales and seals. Harry Richards was inspired to write the composition after he visited the South Pole. He says he will never forget the serenity, the amazing darkness at night, and the breathtaking landscapes.

Nederlands:

Antarctica is 1 van de zeven continenten van onze planeet en qua oppervlakte het op 5 na grootste van de wereld en groter dan Europa en Australië. Het is tevens het koudste continent op onze planeet met de laagste gemeten temperatuur ooit van -90°C. Anders dan velen onder ons vermoeden bevindt zich maar liefst 90% van al het ijs op de wereld op dit continent, waarbij een gemiddelde dikte van de ijskap van maar liefst 2200 meter wordt behaald!

Antarctica is ontdekt in 1820 maar het duurde tot 1897 voordat de 1<sup>e</sup> expeditie het continent bereikte. Op Antarctica liggen vele claims vanuit evenzoveel verschillende landen. In 2012 waren er ruim 60 permanente onderzoekstations op de Zuidpool, waarvan Argentinië en Rusland er de meeste hebben. De meeste van deze stations bevinden zich aan de rand van het continent aan de omringende oceanen. Op Antarctica groeien maar enkele plantensoorten, maar daarentegen leven er behoorlijk wat dieren, waarvan pinguïns, walvissen en zeehonden de meest bekende zijn. Harry Richards bezocht de Zuidpool wat hem de inspiratie bezorgde om deze compositie te schrijven. Hij zal de serene rust van het continent, de onwaarschijnlijke zwartheid van de nacht en de adembenemende landschappen nooit vergeten.

Deutsch:

Die Antarktis ist einer der sieben Kontinente unseres Planeten und, hinsichtlich der Fläche, größer als Australien und Europa. Sie ist ebenfalls der kälteste Kontinent unseres Planeten, mit den tiefsten Temperaturen die man je auf unserem Planeten aufgezeichnet hat, nämlich minus 90 Grad Celsius. Im Gegensatz zu dem, was manche denken, befindet sich 90% von dem Eis der Welt auf diesem Kontinent und die durchschnittliche Mächtigkeit der Eiskappe beläuft sich auf 2200 Meter.

Die Antarktis wurde 1820 entdeckt, aber es dauerte bis 1897 bevor die erste Expedition den Kontinent erreichte. 2012 zählt man am Südpol mehr als 60 Forschungsstationen, die meisten von ihnen sind argentinische und russische. Sie befinden sich meistens am Rande des Kontinents in der Nähe der Ozeane. In der Antarktis gibt es nur wenige Pflanzen, aber doch viele Tierarten wie Pinguine, Wale und Seehunde. Der Komponist Harry Richards besuchte den Südpol und wurde so inspiriert, diese Komposition zu schreiben. Die heitere Ruhe, die unglaubliche Dunkelheit der Nacht und die atemberaubenden Landschaften wird er niemals vergessen.

Français:

(Le mystère de l'Antarctique) L'Antarctique est l'un des 7 continents de notre planète et, en terme de surface, le 5<sup>e</sup> plus grand du monde, il est d'une superficie plus importante que l'Europe et l'Australie. C'est également le continent le plus froid avec des températures pouvant atteindre -90° Celsius. Contrairement à ce que beaucoup d'entre nous pensons, 90% de toute la glace du monde se trouve sur ce continent, l'épaisseur moyenne de la calotte glaciaire n'atteignant pas moins de 2200 mètres.

L'Antarctique a été découvert en 1820, mais il a fallu attendre 1897 avant la première expédition. Aujourd'hui, il y a plus de soixante stations de recherche permanentes au Pôle Sud dont la plupart appartiennent à l'Argentine et à la Russie. La plupart de ces stations se trouvent près des océans. Sur l'Antarctique, on ne trouve que quelques espèces de plantes, mais par contre de nombreuses espèces animales dont les pingouins, les baleines et les phoques sont présentes. Harry Richards a visité le Pôle Sud, ce qui l'a inspiré pour écrire cette composition. Il n'oubliera jamais le calme serein, l'incroyable obscurité de la nuit et les paysages à vous couper le souffle.

# THE MYSTERY OF ANTARCTICA

Harry Richards

$\text{♩} = 69$

Piccolo

Flute 1-2

Oboe 1-2

English Horn

Bassoon 1-2

Eb Clarinet

Bb Clarinet 1

*Div.*

*pppp (almost murmuring)*

Bb Clarinet 2

Bb Clarinet 3

Eb Alto Clarinet

*pp*

Bb Bass Clarinet

*pp*

Eb Alto Saxophone 1-2

*pp*

Bb Tenor Saxophone 1-2

*pp*

Eb Baritone Saxophone

*pp*

Bb Trumpet 1-2

Bb Trumpet 3-4

F Horn 1-2

F Horn 3-4

Trombone 1

Trombone 2

Trombone 3

Bass Trombone

*pp*

C Baritone

C Basses

String Bass

*pp*

Timpani

Vibraphone with motor (soft mallets)

*pp*

Mallets

Percussion 1

Percussion 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Crescendo poco a poco

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Crescendo poco a poco

Clar. 2

Crescendo poco a poco

Clar. 3

Crescendo poco a poco

A. Clar.

Crescendo poco a poco

Bs. Clar.

Crescendo poco a poco

A. Sax. 1-2

Crescendo poco a poco

T. Sax. 1-2

Crescendo poco a poco

B. Sax.

Crescendo poco a poco

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hrn. 1-2

F Hrn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

mf

Tbn. 2

mf

Tbn. 3

mf

Bs. Tbn.

Crescendo poco a poco

C Brtn.

mf

C Bsns.

Crescendo poco a poco

Str. Bsns.

Crescendo poco a poco

Timpani

Maracas

Crescendo poco a poco

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hrn. 1-2

F Hrn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hin.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hrn. 1-2

F Hrn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2



Poco accelerando

[32] ♩ = 84

— 7 —

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hn. 1-2

F Hn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hrn. 1-2

F Hrn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Thbn.

C Brtn.

C Bsns.

Str. Bsns.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Woodblock

55  $\text{♩} = 80$

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2  $mp$

a 1  
 $mf$

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.  $mp$

Sax. 1-2

Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.  $mp$

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

Hn. 1-2  $mf$

Hn. 3-4  $mf$

Tbn. 1  $mf$

Tbn. 2  $mp$

Tbn. 3  $mp$   
Cue Basses

Bs. Tbn.  $mp$

C Brtn.  $mp$

C Bs.  $mp$

Str. Bs.  $mp$

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2  $mp$

96 ♩ = 80

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hrn. 1-2

F Hrn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2 *mp*

Ob. 1-2 *mp*

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Cue Fl. 1.2

Clar. 1 *mp* Cue Ob. 1

Clar. 2 *mp* Cue Ob. 2

Clar. 3 *mp*

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

*p*

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

*p*

F Hn. 1-2

F Hn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

*p*

Cue B.C.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Vibraphone with motor (soft mallets)

Mal. *mf*

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hn. 1-2

F Hn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timpani

Xylophone

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

114

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hn. 1-2

F Hn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

*Tubular bells*

*ff*

*Cymb. a 2*

*ff*

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hrn. 1-2

F Hrn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

— THE MYSTERY OF ANTARCTICA —

157      158      159      160      161      162



Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hrn. 1-2

F Hrn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bsn.

Str. Bsn.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

Sax. 1-2

Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hn. 1-2

F Hn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Timp.

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.

Fl. 1-2

Ob. 1-2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1-2

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2

Clar. 3

A. Clar.

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax. 1-2

B. Sax.

Tpt. 1-2

Tpt. 3-4

F Hn. 1-2

F Hn. 3-4

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

Bs. Tbn.

C Brtn.

C Bs.

Str. Bs.

Tim.

Vibraphone with motor (soft mallets)

Mal.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Picc.  
 Fl. 1-2  
 Ob. 1-2  
 E. Hn.  
 Bsn. 1-2  
 Eb Clar.  
 Clar. 1 (divisi.)  
 mp  
 Clar. 2  
 mp  
 Clar. 3  
 mp  
 A. Clar.  
 mp  
 Bs. Clar.  
 Cue Cl. I  
 mp  
 Cue Cl. 2.3  
 T. Sax. 1-2  
 mp  
 B. Sax.  
 mp  
 Cue B.Cl.  
 Tpt. 1-2  
 Tpt. 3-4  
 F Hn. 1-2  
 F Hn. 3-4  
 Tbn. 1  
 Tbn. 2  
 Tbn. 3  
 Bs. Tbn.  
 C Brtn.  
 C Bs.  
 Str. Bs.  
 a 1  
 mp  
 Str. Bs.  
 mp  
 Timp.  
 Mal.  
 Perc. 1  
 ppp  
 Tom-Toms  
 Perc. 2  
 ppp

